Book Review Editor’s Note: We are continuing to use the current currency codes. Thus Canadian dollars are CAD, U.S. dollars are USD, Euros are EUR, China Yuan Renminbi are CNY, Australian dollars are AUD and so on.

ZOOLOGY

Into the Night: Tales of Nocturnal Wildlife Expeditions


Except in urban settings, most people avoid the night. But humans are not typical mammals, because most species in this class of animals are nocturnal. However, the eight contributors to this edited book on evening wildlife experiences are not your average person, they are biologists and naturalists fascinated with what goes on when the sun goes down.

The first story recounts the camping adventures of naturalist Stephen Jones in the Sandhill prairies of Nebraska. He studies owls, which has brought him in close encounters with these nocturnal birds. They have visited him in the wild on numerous occasions over the past three decades and have been his personal window on nature. The long-eared owl and its survival has been a particularly poignant species for him and is a harbinger for the progress of civilization.

Dr. Frank Bonaccorso is a wildlife biologist who specializes on studying bats. His story focuses on research in Kruger National Park in South Africa and is interspersed with cat and mouse games of avoiding large mammals such as lions and elephants. He puts little transmitters on fruit bats caught in his nets set near big sycamore fig trees – a keystone species that provides food and shelter for many different animals in an otherwise predominantly open grassland region. It turns out that the only mammal capable of self-powered flight eats a lot of fruits but also is a good disperser of seeds that pass through the digestive tract and are defecated while flying. So I suppose one more thing to watch out for during the night but not a potentially life threatening danger as other things that lurk in the night.

The fourth chapter is written by the editor of the book, Dr. Rick Adams, who is a biology professor at the University of Northern Colorado and a bat researcher. Most of his stories take place in the nearby Rocky Mountains, up to around 4,000 metres in elevation, as he studies the distribution, abundance, and resource use of bats. Some experiences were eerie, such as ghostly images lurking in the shadows, but others were humorous, such as the trailer-eating porcupine that wakes up his field team in the middle of the night.

The next writer takes us to Sulawesi and macaque monkeys, but also reveals her distain for mosquitoes. Dr. Ann Kohlhaas is a professor of biology at California State University in Stanislaus but dreams of her fieldwork in southeast Asia. But it’s more than just primates, as she reminisces of wildlife encounters with bats, rats, and snakes. And there are also potentially threatening encounters with earthquakes and malaria.

More tropical adventures are told by Dr. Lee Dyer, a biologist at the University of Nevada in Reno. But these ones take place on the other side of the world in Costa Rica and Ecuador. They are equally as odd with stories of fellow field biologists getting high one night on the local flora and stripping naked before walking into a web of thousands of spiders. Another time after a long night’s work, the author gets bit by “a big red and hairy spider” on his private parts and blood is drawn. It ends happily when he wakes up, after stumbling back to his cabin and passing out, to see the stars are still shining.

Not to be left out, a desert encounter with a rattlesnake is told by Dr. James Halpenny while studying packrats that have been dusted with a fluorescent powder enabling them to be tracked at night to find their middens and hopefully also the beetles they eat that are good indicators of historical changes in climate. But he also tells of snowy adventures as far north as the Arctic, where “nocturnal” work and avoidance of polar bears takes place in the “land of the midnight sun”.

The final chapter is left to bat biologist Dr. Scott Pedersen at South Dakota State University in Brookings. He gets to do fieldwork on the Caribbean island of
Montserrat. But it is not all paradise, as he has to deal with erupting volcanoes and pooping bats at night. However, he does survive to give us a recipe for “mountain chicken stew”, which is actually a big frog for youfoodies out there.

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